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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/782,017	02/14/2001	Hiroshi Kamiya	Q63036	3808
7590 11/22/2005 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS			EXAMINER	
			THEIN, MARIA TERESA T ·	
	0 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. shington, DC 20037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
<b>3</b> ,			3627	

DATE MAILED: 11/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/782,017	KAMIYA, HIROSHI				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
•		Marissa Thein	3627				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state reply received by the Office later than three months after the may ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from rute, cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed  n the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	August 2005					
· · · · · ·		nis action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow		osecution as to the merits is				
تـــار -	closed in accordance with the practice unde	•	,				
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.	(				
Applicati	on Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		Examiner.				
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• •					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	• .	` '				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.	·				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	•					
	application from the International Bure						
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a li		ed.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar					
_	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	Paper No(s)/Mail D	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	· + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

Applicant's "Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111" filed on August 30, 2005 has been considered.

New claims 33-36 are added. Claims 1-36 remain pending and an action of merits of these claims follows.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,314,406 to O'Hagan et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,926,325 to Benton et al.

Regarding claims 1, 4, 7, and 10, O'Hagan discloses a commodity order issuing and accepting method, system and apparatus comprising:

- providing an order issuing device of electronic communications (customer information terminal or portable transaction computer 14, col. 6, lines 51-58);
- providing an order accepting device capable of electronic communications (merchant's host computer 12, col. 6, lines 51-53);

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the requesting a first electronic document comprising first input fields for
accepting order issuer information and for accepting commodity order issuance
information except for an order issuer's payment date from the order accepting
device (col. 15, lines 40-49; Figures 14-15; col. 16, lines 48-61; col. 17, lines 136);

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- the transmitting the first electronic document from the order accepter side to the order issuing device (col. 16, lines 16-20; col. 16, lines 23- 26; col. 17, lines 1-36);
- the inputting the order issuer information and the commodity order issuance information except for the order issuer's payment date to the first input fields on the order issuing device (col. 15, lines 40-49; col. 16, lines 48-61; col. 17, lines 1-36; Figures 16-17);
- the transmitting the order issuer information and the commodity order issuance information except for the order issuers' payment date from the order issuer side to the order accepting device (col. 15, lines 40-49; col. 16, lines 16-20; col. 16, lines 23- 26; col. 17, lines 1-36; Figures 16-17);
- the retrieving a transaction condition corresponding to the commodity order issuance information on the order accepting device (col. 17, lines 37-56; Figure 18);
- the transmitting a second electronic document on which the transaction condition is described (Figures 19a-19b; col. 17, line 57 – col. 18, line 20).

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However, O'Hagan does not explicitly disclose inputting the order issuer's payment date and transmitting the order issuer's payment date. O'Hagan does disclose that when a customer is shopping, he or she will pay the lower of the price the product is being offered at the store or the quoted price as long as the customer is in the time frame (col. 28, lines 45-48). When a customer shops, the products or items chosen by the customer are logged or recorded (col. 23, lines 41-42). The logged information include the product identification, the time the product was added to the list, the price, data relating to how long the price quote for the product will remain in effect, data relating to he time of purchase of the product, and data relating to what the customer paid for the product (Figure 32; col. 23, lines 42-52).

Benton, on the other hand, teaches the inputting the order issuer's payment date and transmitting the order issuer's (buyer) payment date (col. 9, lines 51-54; col. 16, lines 30-32; col. 16, lines 38-42). Benton teaches a system and method for carrying out funds data transfer between buyers and sellers in a common location, a local mode of operation, or at different locations in a remote mode (col. 2, lines 50-52; col. 2, lines 59-61). Benton further teaches the prompting of the buyer to enter the date and time of the proposed transaction (col. 16, lines 38-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method, system, and apparatus of O'Hagan, to include the inputting and transmitting of the order issuer's payment date, as taught by Benton, in order to provide the buyer payment options (Benton col. 16, lines 30-33).

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Regarding claims 2, 5, 8, and 11, O'Hagan discloses calculating a reduced price corresponding to the transaction condition (col. 21, lines 15-16; Figure 32; col. 23, lines 42-52; col. 28, lines 45-50; col. 32, lines 1-3).

Regarding claims 3, 6, 9, and 12, O'Hagan discloses transmitting a third electronic document on which the reduced price is described and which has means for imputing an authentication to said order issuing device; activating the means for inputting the authentication; and transmitting information representing that said means for inputting the authentication ahs been activated to said order accepting device (col. 17, lines 20-56; col. 28, lines 44-56).

Regarding claims 13-20, O'Hagan substantially discloses the claimed invention, however, it does not explicitly disclose the order issuer's payment date is a proposed payment date and is manually entered by a user. O'Hagan does disclose that when a customer is shopping, he or she will pay the lower of the price the product is being offered at the store or the quoted price as long as the customer is in the time frame (col. 28, lines 45-48). When a customer shops, the products or items chosen by the customer are logged or recorded (col. 23, lines 41-42). The logged information include the product identification, the time the product was added to the list, the price, data relating to how long the price quote for the product will remain in effect, data relating to he time of purchase of the product, and data relating to what the customer paid for the product (Figure 32; col. 23, lines 42-52).

Benton, on the other hand, teaches the order issuer's payment date is a proposed payment date and is manually entered by a user (col. 9, lines 51-54; col. 16,

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lines 30-32; col. 16, lines 38-42). Benton teaches a system and method for carrying out funds data transfer between buyers and sellers in a common location, a local mode of operation, or at different locations in a remote mode (col. 2, lines 50-52; col. 2, lines 59-61). Benton further teaches the buyer to elect to carry out the transaction immediately or prompting of the buyer to enter the date and time of the proposed transaction (col. 16, lines 38-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method, system, and apparatus of O'Hagan, to include the order issuer's payment date is a proposed payment date and is manually entered by a user, as taught by Benton, in order to provide the buyer payment options (Benton col. 16, lines 30-33).

Regarding claims 21-32, O'Hagan discloses HTML format (col. 7, lines 14-17), Internet (col. 3, lines 2-4), and a transaction condition is a formula related to a commodity transaction (Figures 18; 19a-19b; col. 17, lines 19-56).

Regarding claims 33-36, O'Hagan substantially discloses the claimed invention, however, O'Hagan does not explicitly disclose the order issuer's information is at least one of an order's issuer's name, an order issuer's address and an order issuer's telephone number. O'Hagan discloses customer ID number (col. 14, lines 62).

Benton, on the other hand, the order issuer's information is at least one of an order's issuer's name, an order issuer's address and an order issuer's telephone number (col. 10, lines 4-9).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify O'Hagan, to include the order issuer's information is at least one of an order's issuer's name, an order issuer's address and an order issuer's telephone number, as taught by Benton, in order to identify the buyer (order issuer) to the system, so as to differentiate from other systems and communicate using a common protocol (Benton, col. 9, line 68- col. 10, line 4).

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed August 30, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's remark that "O'Hagan does not disclose or suggest at least the claimed first electronic document comprising first input fields for accepting order issuer information, and Benton does not cure this deficiency. Therefore, the Examiner has failed to make a prima facie case of obviousness."

The Examiner notes that O'Hagan does disclose or suggest the claimed first electronic document comprising first input fields for accepting order issuer information. O'Hagan discloses a customer information terminal (CIT) which includes an operator input device in from of an integrated contact panel overlaying the display which enables a user to enter data, information, function commences etc. (col. 7, lines 51-54). The user (order issuer) may input information via virtual key buttons (col. 7, lines 54-55). O'Hagan discloses a main menu page (a first electronic document) which includes a plurality of labeled buttons (Fig. 14, ref. no. 480-486), that if user (order issuer) activated, generates a link request for a selected sub menu page corresponding to the selected

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button (col. 15, lines 14-17). These claims were given the broadest reasonable interpretation in an effort to reduce the possibility that these claims, once issued, will be interpreted more broadly than is justified. *See In re Prater*, 415 F2.d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969).

Such enabling a user to enter data and information; and a main menu page with a plurality of labeled buttons which if user activates, generates a link are considered "first electronic document comprising first input fields for accepting order issuer information".

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Patent No. 6247,047 to Wolff disclose a method and apparatus for facilitating computer network transactions.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Marissa Thein whose telephone number is 571-272-

6764. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Alex Kalinowski can be reached on 571-272-6771. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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November 16, 2005

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